

Current context



Current context: The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has received RS 1.71 trillion in the third Long-Term Repo Operation (LTRO) conducted for an amount of Rs 25,000 crore

- The LTRO is a tool under which RBI provides one-year to three-year money to banks at the
 prevailing repo rate, accepting government securities with matching or higher tenure as the
 collateral.
- Unlike liquidity adjustment facility (LAF) and marginal standing facility (MSF), that offers banks money for a duration of 1-28 days, the LTRO supplies liquidity to banks for their 1-3 years needs.
 - LTROs are aimed at quickening the monetary policy transmission by helping banks to reduce their lending rates
- RBI said that, it has received **66 bids in the LTRO of three-year tenor**, which has reversal date on 1st March 2023.
- The total bids imply a **bid to cover ratio of 6.9**, which is the amount of bids received relative to the notified amount
- On 9th March 2020, the RBI will conduct another LTRO for three-year tenor worth Rs 25,000 crore
- RBI has alr
- eady conducted **two LTROs for Rs 25,000 crore each** on 17th and 24th February 2020

Static Part (if any)

MCQs

Key Points -

(6-7 Points)

Minimum

Highlights

i.e



Question: The Long-Term Repo Operation (LTRO) conducted by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) provides liquidity to banks for ______

- a. 1-2 years
- b. 1-3 years
- c. 1-4 years
- d. 1-5 years

Source



 $Source: \underline{https://economictimes.indiatimes.com/markets/bonds/rbi-gets-rs-1-71-lakh-crore-bids-for-rs-25000-crore-ltro/articleshow/74444105.cms$

https://www.livemint.com/news/india/rbi-receives-rs-1-71-trillion-in-ltro-11583154924469.html